BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY SMITH & SAWARD. MONDAY, MARCH 27, 1854 VOLUME XX.....NUMBER 229.

Bangor Daily Whig and Courier

—IS PUBLISHED—

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The BANGOR COURIER is published at the office of the Daily Whig and Courier, payable half yearly in advance, at **One Dollar Fifty Cents** per annum, or *Five Dollars* a year if not paid in advance.

☞ The publishers will not hold themselves responsible for errors in advertisements, beyond the amount received for that may occur, beyond the amount charged in the advertisement.

☞ T. B. FULLER is agent for those papers. Advertisements left with him will be inserted at the usual rates.

☞ Transient notices will be thankfully received, and may be seen free of charge at the *Bangor Exchange* and *Bangor Hotel*, where Advertisements and subscriptions will be received for this Periodical.

THE AMERICAN'S FRIEND!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

To the Citizens of the United States—

I most humbly and sincerely thank you for the liberal patronage which you have bestowed upon me in this country, at **One Dollar Fifty Cents** per box, or *Five Dollars* a year if not paid in advance.

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I take this opportunity of stating that my Pills and Ointment were all American Citizens, and that I intention for all that concerns America and the Americans, the most lively sympathies of mine are kept. I originally compounded those Pills expressly to suit your climate, habits, constitutions and manner of living, intend to establish myself among you, which I have now done, by taking premises in New York. THOMAS HOLLOWAY,

38, *Corner of Ann and Nassau Sts, New York.*

PURIFICATION OF THE BLOOD,

—IN—

LIVER AND BILIOUS COMPLAINTS.

The present of the Union suffer more from these two complaints than from all others combined. Their symptoms are so numerous as to require a whole pamphlet to describe them. The following are a few of the most prominent symptoms of these diseases: Want of appetite, nausea, heartburn, disgust for food, fullness or blood to the head, acidity of the stomach, nausea, heartburn, disgust for food, fullness or blood to the head, acidity of the stomach, [illegible] of the stomach, bowels, and kidneys, with a painful sensation of having neglected some duty, weariness, dizziness, fluttering of the heart, chilly chills, flushings of heat, burning in the flesh, constant imaginings of evil, and great depression of spirits, can be effectually cured only by purifying the blood, and restoring the healthy action of the liver. These symptoms, if allowed to continue, will [illegible] the constitution, when [illegible] to the [illegible] of the [illegible] and [illegible] of the [illegible] and [illegible] of the [illegible] and

Daily and Courier.

John S. Sayward, Editor

MONDAY, MARCH 28, 1854

Second Lecture before the Bangor Horticultural Society.

Mr Waring's second lecture before the Bangor Horticultural Society, at the Church house, on Friday evening, was highly interesting.

He spoke at the importance of the country of an improvement of the soil and the modes of cultivation by which products are increased. An acre of land is not now looked upon as a mysterious thing on which a certain amount of crops will grow by a mysterious process. Well ascertained chemical knowledge has proved beyond a doubt that the growth of plants is dependent on fixed principles which are more or less under the control of man. The chief object of the agriculturist is to get the greatest amount of produce from the smallest outlay of time, time and capital. To attain this object, experience and observation prove that a system of high cultivation must be adopted, both in the mechanical and chemical cultivation of the soil.

Under draining, from its importance deserves first to be brought to our notice. It consists, as all know, of opening gratings for water deep in the ground and covering them so as to leave the land in convenient form for cultivation.

The almost universal practice of ordinary draining at the present time is by the use of the burnt clay tile or pipe drain, which consists of clay tubes, usually twelve inches long, which are placed at considerable depths and laid in a manner to form a continuous pipe and gives to free a passage that a full size in the feet is ample drains to cause the discharge of all water entering the drain. These tiles are of various forms of which those with the flat bottoms and egg-shaped orifice, with the lowest side the smallest may be considered the best — These, from their flat bottoms are more easily kept in position while covering the drain, and the shape of the orifice is the best for preventing silt and other obstruction for the same reason that makes a round bottomed gutter clean sooner than a flat one. The smaller the bore of the pipe the more readily orange matters are carried away by the water. These tiles are placed on the bottom of trenches of various depths and at various distances apart, and then covered over with soil as the circumstances for reception to the cultivation of the field.

The distance between two drains must be in proportion to their depth. Three feet drains should be twenty feet apart, and five feet drains will answer the same ends at eighty feet apart. This supposes the soil to be sufficient by open to admit the percolation of water for the whole depth. If at the depth of three feet there is only the compact mass which would reduce water to flow horizontally of course the frequent drains three feet deep would be more effectual than deeper drains at greater distances. The expense of digging the extra two feet would in this case be greater than that of making two more drains of three feet, so that a double advantage would attend the use of the shallow drains. In a large majority of cases however, the five feet drains will be found more economical.

The Upon drain tool is perhaps the best for digging trenches. This will cut a trench four to six inches wide for any required depth and thus obviate the necessity of throwing out the earth for a width of twenty inches or more as has to be done when digging with a common spade. Its construction is very simple.

After the trenches are made and the bottoms rendered perfectly smooth, with the required descent, the tiles may be laid, so that their ends will exactly correspond and touch each other. Care should be taken that no space be left between them, lest the dirt get in and choke the drain. The water does not enter the drain at the joints, any more than through their entire substances. If a tile be soaked at both ends and unsoaked in water it will soon be filled by water passing through its pores. When tiles are well laid and the earth thoroughly packed above them, they form a drain which will last for ages.

Some of the benefits of such a system of draining may be thus enumerated.

1st It directly prevents drought.

2d It furnishes an increased supply of atmospheric moisture.

3d. It warms the lower portions of the soil.

4th It hastens the decomposition of roots and other organic matters.

5th It accelerates the disintegration of the mineral matters in the soil.

6th. It causes a more even distribution of fertilizing matters among the particles of soil traversed by roots.

7th It amends the mechanical condition of the soil by pulverization, &c.

8th It causes the porous to receive fertilizing matter of plants to be carried out of the reach of their roots.

9th It prevents manures from running out.

10th. It enables us to deepen the surface soil.

11th By removing the excess of water, it renders soils earlier in the spring.

12th It prevents the throwing out of grain in winter.

13th. It allows us to work some hours after rains."

14th, It keeps off the effects of wet weather longer in the fall.

15th It prevents the formation of acetic and other digestive acids which throw the soil into sorrel and other weeds.

16th It hastens the decay of vegetable matter and the final combination of the earthly particles.

17th It prevents the cooling process of evaporation, and so abstraction of heat from the lower portions of soil.

18th. It admits fresh quantities of water from rains, &c., which are always more or less imbued with the fertilizing gases of the atmosphere to be deposited among the absorbent parts of soil, and given up to the necessities of the plant.

19th. It prevents the formation of so hard a crust on the surface of the soil as is customary on heavy lands.

The lecturer proceeded to take up these several points and to give the scientific reasons for all of them, reasons the commended themselves to the judgment of all present.

The subject of subsoil ploughing was treated of at length and enunciated, and the favorable influence upon the soil by the use of the subsoil plow was clearly pointed out.

At the close of the lecture there was a interesting conversation in which were brought up the climate and cost of drainage, the subject of mulching and other subjects of interest.

The lecture on Saturday evening was on the subject of manures.

A French correspondent of the Baltimore Times, writing from Constantinople, under date of January 26th, says there is daily arrivals from the interior of the provinces—a number of recruits, especially volunteers animated with the best spirit and whose patriotic ardor is the only feature of their action.

Day before yesterday fifteen hundred Kurdes, on horseback, entered the capital and immediately repaired to the Depot of War to be enrolled in the army of the Porte. Among these volunteers was a beautiful woman also on horseback, armed and equipped. She appeared superior to her sex, possessing a martial appearance and expression of great courage. She excited the greatest enthusiasm among the troops. The simple fact alone of the arrivals of these Kurdes should be marked as one of great importance, as the province of Kurdistan heretofore been dissatisfied and in a constant state of insurrection against the Porte. But such is the national enthusiasm, that all domestic troubles are forgotten, and the people of the Turkish Empire are united in an unlimited spontaneous and sovereignty.

The barbers of the city of Paris have mutually agreed in part to close their shops on the Sabbath. A good idea, and we hope all will enter into the arrangement. One can as well get shaved on Saturday night as on Sunday morning, and the barber would get quite as much business, we presume. I would be well, Lds, for apothecaries to close their shops generally on Sundays, instead of being at the trouble and expense of keeping open shop, as most or many of them now do, without probably reaping a dollar in extra profit in the year, over their gains if all of them kept closed doors on Sunday, when persons who are in the habit of purchasing on that day would otherwise lay in their stock of tobacco, cigars confectionery and other needed articles on one night. The business world works shorter hours now than in the six days of the week, to take the seventh for rest; for reflection and for the culture of the mind and the improvement of the heart.

There is no safety in letting down in quiet contentment because the Nebraska Bill has received a blow in the House of Representatives which will delay it for a month. The danger is not over. The people in the free States should mourn as to send to their remonstrances, to hold public meetings and to denounce the iniquity in every available and manly form, until the iniquitous thing is killed stone dead.

The following preamble and resolution was adopted at a recent Whig Convention Hew Haven county, Connecticut.

Resolved, That if the South seeks a division, that the South shall have it—and that Freedom shall go South before Slavery shall come North.

Messrs Hemenway & Hersey announce in their card to-day that they have opened, for the accommodation of the public a large, varied and beautiful stock of goods in the leather, boot, shoe and hat line, of their own and other manufacture. In addition to their former extensive establishment, they have opened a new store on Exchange st and another on Kenduskeag bridge in the new and beautiful brick block on the corner of Kenduskeag bridge and Exchange street. These stores are united in the interior and are commodious and elegant, and handsomely furnished with such goods, and upon such fixtures. Call in and see them in their new quarters.

A letter from Mr Jackson to the Lieut. Governor of Nova Scotia, dated the 24 of the present month, was submitted to the Assembly at Halifax last week, which for the present puts an end to all hopes of Railways in Nova Scotia being on traction by Messrs. Jackson, Peto, Brassey and Betts. The prospects of an European war has so completely altered the aspect of affairs that Mr. Jackson says, it is now impossible to obtain for any new enterprise the support of British capital.

Prof Agassiz lately delivered a lecture, that there was an extensive continent in North America, when all the rest of the world was under water; and that this physical conditions have been more maintained on this continent, than in any other part of the globe.

Sam Houston and the Memorial of the Clergy.

A gentleman who was present in the Senate Chamber, during the session of the memorial of the New England Clergy, tells the editor of the "Common wealth" that while Douglas was speaking, Mr Sumner rushed forward, intending to hiss him severely ex clad, "Sam Houston observing it, said very earnestly, "Sumner, don't speak leave him to me—but will you take care of him" Mr Sumner replied "Yes, I'll do that, if any will not speak!" And he did it as was very difficult for Mr Sumner to refrain from speaking. But was Mr Everett's offer and old Sam and others were very earnest that neither he nor Chase should make a disturbance. Houston indeed that Douglas is crazy.

Marcy is destined to stand in the foremost rank of the orators whose form our glorious and happy Union. Her resources of wealth, already inexhaustible, are year by year on a steady increase. Her population are among the most eminent, a point of virtue and intelligence, to be found upon the western continent, and as long as her free schools and colleges continue to be properly appreciated and patronized, so long will her children become worthy successors as long as any which fall to the lot of men.

A bill to incorporate the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company has passed to be engrossed in our Legislature. The Company proposing is the important enterprise is made up of citizens of Maine, and it is necessary that they should be invested with corporate powers. The right of Congress to grant such powers, is supposable to the Territories especially, is doubtful, and it has declined, to exercise it. Our State Legislature have passed similar acts and no objection was therefore seen to the action of our Legislature in the present instance.—Augusta Journal

LATE EUROPEAN NEWS BY THE STEAMER PACIFIC.

ST PETERSBURG, March 1.

The prohibition to export breadstuffs does not extend to vessels loading or laden.

TRIESTE.

A sale has taken place in colonial produce.—Cotton is firm.

MARSEILLES, March 7

Corn has risen two francs per hectolitre, in consequence of the Russian prohibition of export.

TURIN, March 1

France and England are said to have decided to prevent any movement in Italy.

PARIS, March 7

The loan of two hundred and fifty millions is simultaneously taken.

MADRID, March 2.

There are vague rumors of a misunderstanding between England and Spain, and of the probable recall of Mr Saurin.

TURKEY.

The Russians have made their first approaches against Kalafat.

The Very Latest News.

BY TELEGRAPH FROM LONDON

SUNDAY Morning

Admiral Corbett's division of the British fleet was to sail about the 5th of March for the Baltic.

The Austrian government has published an official document explaining its views on the differences between Russia and Turkey. It regrets that the propositions sent by the Western Powers were of such a nature as to leave hardly a hope for a favorable reply, but admits that their demands were just, and in accordance with the interests of Europe. Austria is prepared to meet any dangers which may accrue from a great war in an adjoining country, and from subversive tendencies which may manifest themselves on the frontier of the Empire during the continuance of the war.

The Chronicle says that no new proposals had been received from Nicholas. Russia offers to evacuate the Principalities the moment the definitive preliminaries of peace are signed, the basis of which, however, are not more favorable than the last overtures, which the conference rejected.

A British courier, bearing summons for the evacuation of the Principalities, is already on his way to St. Petersburg.

It was reported that the Prussian Minister, Manteuffel, has left recently on

Her Majesty Queen Victoria, was to review the fleets on Saturday.

BERLIN, March 7 8.

The Prussian government rejects the suggestion of Russia to forbid the entrance of the fleets of the Western powers into Prussian ports.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb 25

Persia remains neutral, but is fortifying her Turkish frontier.

The Affghans are plundering the kingdom of Candahar. Persia has ordered her mediation.

The Khan of Khiva has taken refuge in Bokhara, and summoned the neighboring nations to take part in the struggle against Russia.

The Battle in the Dark.

On the 6th of February a conflict took place by mistake between two columns of the Russian army. The Turkish positions are extended in an easterly direction as far as the village of Cuprecenka, which is about a mile distant from Kalafat. For several days a Turkish corps of about 4000 strong, under the command of Col. Mirdias, had been posted in front of this village, and in direction of the Russian outposts.

On this corps the Russians determined to make an onslaught during the night of the 5th. For this purpose two Russian columns were brought up, from 4000 to 5000 strong, by the road which leads to Kalafat, from about the village of Serbina, and the other from the left side of it from about Rustan—Prince Mirosen's property—to advance unexpectedly upon the Turkes, to surprise, encircle them, and cut them to pieces.

The Russian columns commenced their march at three o'clock in the morning, and by four o'clock reached a position from whence they were only half an hour's march from the Turkish pickets. The second column, however, to have missed the direction by mistaking the road, or to have come up long after the proper time. However this may be, the latter division, in the obscurity of a foggy night, encircled the former one as the body of Turks, and instantly opened upon them a terrific cannonade, which the others, who labored under the same mistake, returned with fatal and deadly effect. "Pressing toward each other it came ere long to a close fire of small arms.

This ill omened combat lasted for an hour and a half, until, when day dawned, the combatants saw with horror the error they had committed. The loss in killed and wounded in the course of this night's encounter is reckoned by themselves at several hundreds. The Turks were naturally alarmed as every point and at Widdin, which is but a league and a half distant. Omer Pasha on hearing the cannonade, took all the requisite measures for defence.

The Turkish corps at Dupercenti stood in arms in readiness for action, any moment, but did not advance, as it was quite a loss for anyone to comprehend what the Russians were about, murdering each other in that style. It was not till between 7 and 8 o'clock, A. M. that the Russian columns withdrew to their respective positions, carrying their wounded along with them.

Among the war rumors is one that the Irish exiles in New York have held a secret conference lately at which they resolved to organize a central directory for the purpose of turning the approaching European war to account for Irish independence. Measures are said to be adopted which, if carried out, are likely to give Great Britain employment for her soldiers nearer home than Turkey. Ireland is to be the scene of operation.

Although the ships and freesoilers have burned all doubt as to the result in the Lower in New Hampshire, yet we are informed that the organs of President Pierce at Concord, and his satellites, have resolved to keep up the false statement that the Democrats have carried the House until after elections in Rhode Island and Connecticut, for the purpose of operating upon them elections.

A piece of black granite, from a quarry in Medford, is about to be sent to the Washington Monument by the people of Charlestown. On the block, a fac-simile of Bunker Hill Monument in exact proportion to the original, and standing on a square panel, beneath which in another panel the inscription—"Charlestown, The Bunker Hill Battle Ground." It cost $30.

Mr Rufus Bennett, of Alfred (Me.) left Alfred village for his home in a sleigh, a few days since. When the sleigh arrived at the house, Mr Bennett was found by his wife sitting lifeless on the seat. He was 35 years of age and had died of a disease of the heart.

It is mentioned as a significant fact that Mr Crampton, the British minister, has acted as minister for the Spanish government so far relieving the Spanish acting charge of all troubles.

The Maysville (Ky) Eagle says there were 1223 wild cats killed in Kentucky, and their scalps paid for by the Commonwealth, in 1853.

Some genius suggests that the names of most of the Russian general ending in "off" are very expressive of their recent military movements.

The London Standard has made the discovery that the Turks are the descendants of the lost ten tribes and project their conversion to Christianity.

TELEGRAPHED

TO THE DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

FROM CALIFORNIA

NEW YORK, March 26

The steamer Northern Light, from San Juan arrived this morning. She brings 350 passengers and $700,000 in specie. Among the consignees are, American Exchange bank $85,000, Duncan Sherman & Co $22 000, Drexell & Co. $11,000. Adams & Co. $100,000, Wells, Fargo & Co. $68 000.

The Northern Light connected with the Sierra Nevada, which left San Francisco on the evening of the first, and was detained two days in consequence of the detention of the steamer Ana on the Lake by a severe gale.

Steamer John L. Stevenson took down to Panama only $400 000 on freight.

Nothing additional of special importance from San Francisco.

A Mexican was lynched in Mariposa county for the murder of Nathan Frost of Rhode Island.

In Oregon a bill had passed declaring a vote on the formation of the State government.

Dates from Honolulu are to February 4. Annexation is still talked of. Trade is very dull.

Intelligence from Lower California is that the filibusters have nearly all left, those remaining suffering for provisions.

The Maine Liquor Law has been introduced into the California Legislature.

Drafts in California, George H Hersey, Bangor, Lucy C Haley, Frankfort, Charles Morse, Waterville, Emma W Becket Lewiston, Wm E Dame & Foster, John B Berry, Me, Perley B. Wood of Massachusetts.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS

March 1st

Flour—Cargo of brig Metropolis, Gallagher, sweet, sold a 8,75. Outside brands, sweet, 7,50.

Provisions—All descriptions extremely dull. Hams 16 cents, choice butter 23 cents, lard 10 cents, mess pork 17,50; corn meal sugar 11 cents; spirits turpentine 1,70, coffee, Rio depressed—last sales 12½.

Clothing in no demand. Prices nominal.

Boots and shoes unchanged. Assorted invoices will sell 25 per cent below cost and charges.

Molasses unchanged.

KEEP EUROPE.

LATEST NEWS

Additional by the Pacific

No battle had occurred on the Danube, except that two companies of Russians had attacked each other in the dark, and killed some hundreds before the error was discovered. However, continual small skirmishes are going on between the Turks and Russians.

From Asia we have nothing of importance, neither have we anything of interest from the fleet.

The Earl of Londonderry is dead.

The Spanish insurrection had been suppressed. The latest news by telegraph from London was on Wednesday morning.

The addition of the Morning Herald announces the arrival of a messenger who was immediately closeted with the Queen, bringing the announcement that the Russians had routed Kalafat and massacred all within its walls. The news is generally believed though preceding intelligence had announced that the Russians had opened their first approaches. The story has, however, thrown the public into the most intense excitement.

Admiral Dundas's division of the British fleet was to sail about the 5th of March for the Baltic.

The election of U. S. Senators is made in New Hampshire, not by joint ballot of the two branches of the legislature, but by concurrence.

The New York Tribune denies that it stands sponsor to Solon Robinson's Hot Corn Scenes.

The Hampshire Union advises the organization of the Democrats party anew on the basis of the Nebraska question.

The Kentucky Legislature have passed a law prohibiting the carrying of concealed weapons.

According to a French official pamphlet the combined fleets will soon number *eighty ships of the line*.

CARD

HEMENWAY & HERSEY take this opportunity to tender their thanks to their numerous friends and the public for past favors, and solicit a continuance of the same liberal patronage in their splendid new store. That we will now in this place add to their new and elegant Sole Rooms, at No's 1 2 3 & 13 in the new Exchange Block, at the corner of Exchange and State streets, a Boot and Shoe Store, we have been induced to do by the repeated requests of many who live for a convenient location of our friends upon the East Side, and together with one of the most convenient and large two establishments of the kind in the State. Here we shall keep constantly on hand every large and well assorted stock of every variety of goods in our line of trade.

We alone also be found at the Old Stand No's 18 and 20 Main street where we shall continue to keep the same rich and extensive assortment of Goods as heretofore.

HEMENWAY & HERSEY

Bangor, March 2, 1854

Holloway's Ointment and Pills the most Effectual Remedy ever known for Gout and Rheumatism.—Extract of letter from Mr Thomas Watson, druggist, Bolton, dated April 28 1853. "To Professor Holloway, Sir—A case lately came under my notice which I think should be published. It is that of a man who suffered dreadful pain from chronic rheumatism that he lost the use of one side of his body and endured inconceivable pain. He was induced to try your Ointment and Pills he has been perfectly restored to health and strength."

Sold by all respectable venders.

Dr Richardson's Sherry Wine Bitters have been sustained through more than one entire generation and with a liberality unknown to any other medicine, and in instance is on record where the proprietor, where they have not been sustained by their using them in the case of complaints as recommended, in no one instance unwavering support by the public, of the Sherry Wine Bitters, sufficient evidence of its superiority over every other medicine offered for sale. It is unnecessary to say more than that we are the only agents in this city, and that we have the same as the first introduction. It continues to stand at the head of every thing and the public may be assured that it is the same Richardson's Bitters which has benefited the New England States, the present rising generation have heard their fathers and mothers as often speak in praise.

Agents for Bangor—Ingraham & Fuller, Smith & Harlow, Wm Mann, G W Eastman, G W T Balch.

mch3 2aw4dim

BUILDERS' CONVENTION.

The Shipbuilders of Maine will hold a Convention at Bath, commencing on WEDNESDAY the 5th of April at 9 o'clock A. M., and continue in session two days. Every builder in the State is invited and requested to be present.

BOURNE & KINGSBURY, } Kennebunk.
J & G P TUCKER, }
D & S WARD, } Portland.
JOS LANDALL & CO., }
JOHNSON SIDEOUT, } Bath
CLARK & STEWALD, }
T J & J THAYER, } Richmond.
PATTEN & STURTEVANT, }
E G PEARCE, Farmingdale.
WM ITHCOCK & CO., } Newcastle.
METCALF & NORRIS, }
GEO SCHOLEFIELD, } Brunswick
SAML DUNMORE, }
DUNBAR, TYLER & CO., Frankfort.
HORACE MERRIAM, } Rockland.
GEO THOMAS, }
CHAS COOPER & CO., Bangor
OSG LORTLE & CO., Calais.

mch15 1aps5

V. B. PALMER,

American Newspaper and Advertising Agent,

Is the only authorized Agent for these papers in Boston and Philadelphia. He is also our Agent in New York.

THE OFFICES ARE—

Scollay's, 36 Kilby, Corner street, Boston; Tribune Building, New York, and Corner Third and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia.

DO NOT FORGET

If you have a cough or cold, bronchitis, asthma, or any thing of the kind, that Perkins' Pectoral Compound is a pleasant remedy and cures safely and sure. Here is one of many cases:

"I having been afflicted with a severe and complicated cough, (after using one or another of your publications in the life of Mr Pulsifer's Essential Compound) I was induced to try it, and was surprised to find myself entirely relieved in a few days. I positively were all severely afflicted upon a friend to whom I recommended it.

Hartford, Sept 10 1853 CHARLES M A Lyman

Mrs Lyman is the widow of the gentleman, who had been visiting in that city.

For sale by E. PERKINS Agent, Bangor

nov1 sow 1m&m

To the ladies.—Hand a Golden Gloss, for the Hair is a preparation which has no equal. It is highly perfumed and restores the natural color of the most delicate fullness. It makes the hair

GLOSSY, and keeps it from falling off or turning gray. It prevents dandruff, prevents it from coming out and keeps it soft, clean, smooth and healthy. It has cured many and perhaps will cure any single application. Ladies, when you are in want of a good article, don't be imposed upon by worthless trash, but call at once and get the best. Price 50 cts. W. T. HURD, Proprietor 336 Broadway, New York. E. PERKINS Agent, Bangor

jan2 3m

Have You?

Have you any rheumatism?
Have you any aches and pains?
Have you cancer on your nose?
Have you a sore upon your leg?
Have you a running sore?
Have you a pimply face?
Have you a bunch or lump on your head?
Have you a gathering in the ear?
Have you a boil on the back of your neck?
Have you any humor in the blood?
Have you a scrofulous affection?
Have you a fever sore on the leg?
Have you a white swelling?
Have you a diseased liver?
Have you a bad stomach?
Have you a sick headache?
Have you a pain in the side or back?
Have you pain in the chest?
Have you a hacking cough?
Have you a pain in the breast?
Have you a pain in the head?
Have you a bad taste in the mouth?
Have you a bad breath?
Have you a dizziness in the head?
Have you a disagreeable feeling?
Have you a disagreeable sensation?
Have you a disagreeable feeling?
Have you a disagreeable feeling?
Have you a disagreeable feeling

10,000 Copies in Ten Days!

Uncle Tom Eclipsed

—BY THE—

LAMPLIGHTER!

THE MOST EXTRAORDINARY AND [illegible] of modern times.

[illegible] no hesitation in pronouncing "Uncle [illegible] in the most original interest [illegible] taken it throughout [illegible]

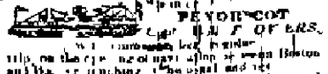
[illegible] Daily Advertiser.

[illegible] offer [illegible] of charge [illegible] will find many times [illegible] where now it may be [illegible] despair.—*Boston Weekly [illegible]*

[illegible] as portrayed in the [illegible] effective, as the best [illegible] —*New Daily Advertiser.*

[illegible] is upon the [illegible] [illegible] of truths [illegible] [illegible] of [illegible] which [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

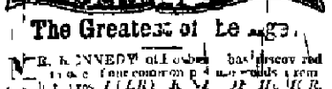
OPPOSITION LINE FOR BOSTON.



PEYTON COT
GENERAL AGENT OF OWNERS.

The commodious and substantial
Steamers
FRANKLIN and NEW ENGLAND
Will commence their regular trips on the first day of April next between Boston and this port, touching at Portland and Rockland on the Down Trips, and Portland and Thomaston on the Up Trips, leaving Franklin Wharf, Boston, and Foot of Long Wharf, Bangor, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings at 7 o'clock.
Freight and passage as low as other first class lines.
For further information apply to
PEYTON COT, Agent.
Feb 7 85

PENNYROYAL



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Directions for using accompany each bottle.

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(Signed) DONALD KENNEDY

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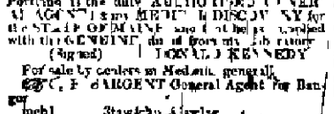
Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam,



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